Fire Services, NSW Ambulance, Salvation Army, NSW Police and AFP were involved.

The 50 AFP members who took part were Eastern Division Protect-

and organise 'uninjured' and slightly 'injured' passengers who had been taken there by bus.

The two radio-active packages 'lost' in the crash (well hidden by the

Chief Inspector Burrows, OIC. Protective Services, Eastern Division, said after the exercise: "It was a great success considering that for the first time Australian Federal



'Victims' of the air 'crash' are scattered over a wide area. The mock plane crash exercise is conducted to prepare emergency services for real life air crash tragedies.



Federal Police assist an injured passenger to collect her belongings before being transferred to the international Terminal at Sydney Airport for Medical attention.

ion Services personnel stationed at Sydney Airport and Divisional Headquarters.

They worked alongside their NSW Police counterparts and assisted in crowd and traffic control, search of wreckage and nearby areas and rendered assistance to 'injured' passengers.

Other AFP members were stationed in the International Terminal building where they helped NSW Police and medical teams identify

crash organisers) were found by Police minutes after rescue teams moved in.

The fire caused by the impact of the crash was extinguished by Airport fire service tenders, then the rescue and search teams moved systematically through the wreckage.

Passengers and wreckage were strewn over a wide area of rugged, bush-like ground which made rescue attempts more challenging. Police and New South Wales Police worked under joint command, ensuring full utilisation of police resources.

"Unfortunately, AFP still lack much equipment and this prevents the force from operating at full efficiency. This same problem arose at the crash of the Advance Airlines and hopefully steps will be taken very soon to remedy these shortages".





Last year, 1979, was the International Year of the Child and radio and television stations throughout Australia were broadcasting the catchy tune, 'Care for Kids'. Since 1960 Police in Canberra have been doing just that at the Police and Citizens Youth Club.

Initially, the Club was formed in 1957 by Sergeant Harry Luton (who recently retired as Inspector). But, it was not until December 1960 that a clubhouse was opened with Sergeant Luton as its first Secretary/Superintendent.

Its popularity in catering for the physical fitness and recreation of boys and girls highlighted the need to expand the original building to its

## Police care for kids, too . . .

present size. Some 1550 names currently appear on the membership roll and this figure is equally divided into senior and junior members.

Many diverse forms of sport and culture are catered for, from boxing to ballet, saunas to sailing. The Club offers supervised recreation for the young and not so young, and includes keep fit programmes for men and women.

The club facilities include sauna, hot-tub spa, trampoline, table tennis, weight lifting, volleyball, basketball, yard tennis, boxing ring, judo room, gym, as well as sailing (in the summer only!), a television, pool, pin ball machines and bad-





minton. And, if all that creates an appetite or thirst, there's a canteen too!

The Club relies on membership fees, public donation, hall hire and Government subsidy for its upkeep and to purchase new equipment. Continued Police participation and support is welcomed to maintain the high standard of supervision and training.

Enquiries about membership and information on Club activities should be directed to the Secretary/Superintendent Sergeant C. Pearson or his assistant First Constable C. McAllister, or the Club receptionist, Mrs S. Trewin on Canberra 470206.