SUBMISSION OF MANUSCRIPTS

In preparing articles for submission authors should be guided by the following points:

- 1. Please submit either two typewritten, double spaced copies or one copy on disk and one typewritten, double spaced copy. The disk should be either a 3 1/2"or 5 1/4"disc in Macintosh or MSDOS Microsoft Word, WordPerfect or plain text formats.
- 2 Authors are expected to check the accuracy of all references in the MS before submission. It is not always possible to submit proofs for correction.
- 3. Biographical Details should be starred (*) and precede the footnotes. They should include the author's full name, academic qualifications, and current employment.
- 4. Abbreviations should appear as follows: fn3, p4, pp55. Full stops are not used to indicate abbreviations and it is not necessary to space an abbreviation and a number.
- 4. Footnotes should be numbered consecutively throughout, and should appear at the foot of each page or at the end of the text. All bibliographical details, case citations and similar matter should appear in the footnotes.
- 5. References and Citations
- (1) Cases
 - The full citation of a case should always be used when a case is first mentioned.
 Do not include Ors, Anor, The State of, City Council of etc, for example:
 Mabo v Oueensland [No2] (1992) 175 CLR 1.
 - An abbreviated title may be used for subsequent references, for example:
 Mabo.
 - Page references are preceded by 'at', for example:
 Mabo at 165, 178-180, 209ff.
 - The authorised report of a case should be used where possible, for example: CLR, FCR, SASR.
 - Where it is not possible to use the authorised report of a case the most commonly used unauthorised reports should be cited initially (ALR, ALRJ) and reference made as to which report will be cited subsequently, for example:
 - 1 David Securities Pty Ltd v Commonwealth Bank of Australia (1992) 66 ALJR 768; 109 ALR 57 (subsequent references are to ALR).

(2) Books

Bibliographic details should be cited in the following order: Author of Chapter or Essay, Title of Chapter or Essay, Author or Editor of Book, Title of Book (in italics), Volume Number, then in brackets - Publisher, Place of Publication, Edition (if not first) and Year of Publication - close brackets, Page Number(s), for example:

Howell, "Constitutional and Political Development, 1857-1890" in Jaensch (ed), *The Flinders History of South Australia: Political History* (Wakefield Press, Adelaide 1986) p96.

- First names or initials of authors should be omitted.
- (3) Journal Articles
 - Bibliographic details should be cited in the order of Author, Title of Article, Year (in brackets), Volume Number, Title of Journal (in italics) and Page Number(s) (without p), for example:

Kelly, "The Inquisitor's Procedure in The Name of the Rose" (1991) 13 Adel

LR 289.

• Journals should be abbreviated according to their own suggested form.

(4) Statutes

• The initial reference to a statute should be to Short Title (in italics), Year of Enactment, Jurisdiction (in brackets), and Section Number(s), for example:

Privy Council (Limitation of Appeals) Act 1968 (Cth) s3.

- (5) Subsequent References
 - The use of ibid, op cit, loc cit, supra and infra is to be avoided.
 - Where a case reference is repeated the subsequent reference should be to its short title and if a particular page is referred to that page stated, for example:
 - 1 *Mabo* at 165, 178-180, 209ff.
 - Where the immediately subsequent footnote refers to the same case as the preceding footnote a simple page reference suffices, for example:
 - 2 Maho at 167.
 - 3 At 171.
 - Where a book reference is repeated, the full name of the author and book should be repeated but publishing details omitted, for example:
 - 4 Howell, "Constitutional and Political Development, 1857-1890" in Jaensch (ed), The Flinders History of South Australia: Political History.
 - Where the immediately subsequent footnote refers to the same book as the preceding footnote a simple page reference suffices, for example:
 - Howell, "Constitutional and Political Development, 1857-1890" in Jaensch (ed), *The Flinders History of South Australia: Political History* p100.
 - 6 At pp100-102.
 - Where a journal article reference is repeated, the full name of the author, title and journal should be repeated, for example:
 - 7 Kelly, "The Inquisitor's Procedure in *The Name of the Rose*" (1991) 13 Adel LR 289.
 - Where the immediately subsequent footnote refers to the same journal article as the preceding footnote a simple page reference suffices, for example:
 - 8 Kelly, "The Inquisitor's Procedure in *The Name of the Rose*" (1991) 13 *Adel LR* 289 at 293.
 - At 293.
 - Where a statute reference is repeated full details should be repeated, for example:
 - 10 Privy Council (Limitation of Appeals) Act 1968 (Cth) s3.
 - Where the immediately subsequent footnote refers to the same statute as the preceding footnote a simple section reference suffices, for example::
 - 11 Privy Council (Limitation of Appeals) Act 1968 (Cth) s3.
 - 12 Section 4.
 - Where an immediately previous footnote is repeated without alteration, it is necessary to state simply "As above", for example:
 - 13 Maho at 213.
- Double quotation marks should be used for direct quotations and single quotation marks for quoted quotations. Quotations of more than three lines should be indented

- and do not require quotation marks.
- 7. It is the Adelaide Law Review Association's policy to use gender neutral language. The third person plural should be used in place of the third person gender specific, for example, they or their instead of he/she or his/her unless specific reference to gender is required.
- 8. The Adelaide Law Review Association retains full editorial control but accepts no responsibility for statements made by contributors.