

SUBMISSION OF MANUSCRIPTS

In preparing articles for submission authors should be guided by the following points :

1. Please submit either two typewritten, double spaced copies or one copy on disk and one typewritten, double spaced copy. The disk should be either a 3 1/2" or 5 1/4" disc in Macintosh or MSDOS Microsoft Word, WordPerfect or plain text formats.
2. Authors are expected to check the accuracy of all references in the manuscript before submission. It is not always possible to submit proofs for correction.
3. Biographical Details should be starred (*) and precede the footnotes. They should include the author's academic qualifications and current employment.
4. Footnotes should be numbered consecutively throughout, and should appear at the foot of each page or at the end of the text. All bibliographical details, case citations and similar matter should appear in the footnotes.
5. References and Citations

Adelaide Law Review style conforms to *Australian Guide to Legal Citation* (1998).

(1) *Cases*

- The full citation of a case should always be used when a case is first mentioned. Do not include *Ors, Anor, The State of, City Council of* etc, for example:
Mabo v Queensland (No 2) (1992) 175 CLR 1.
- An abbreviated title may be used for subsequent references, for example:
Mabo.
- Page references follow a comma, for example:
Trobridge v Hardy (1955) 94 CLR 147, 149.
- The authorised report of a case should be used where possible, for example:
CLR, FCR, SASR.

(2) *Books*

- Bibliographic details should be cited in the following order: Author of Chapter or Essay, Title of Chapter or Essay, Author or Editor of Book, Title of Book (in italics), then Edition Number (if not first) and Year of Publication (in brackets), Page Number(s), for example:
Noel Pearson, '204 Years of Invisible Title – From the Most Vehement Denial' in Margaret Stephenson and Suri Ratnapala (eds), *Mabo: A Judicial Revolution* (1993) 80.

(3) *Journal Articles*

- Bibliographic details should be cited in the order of Author, Title of Article, Year (in brackets), Volume Number, Title of Journal (in italics), First Page, Page Number(s), for example:
Sir Anthony Mason, 'A Bill of Rights for Australia?' (1989) 5 *Australian Bar Review* 79, 81.

(4) *Legislation*

- A reference to an Act should be to Short Title and Year of Enactment (in italics), Jurisdiction (in brackets), and Section Number(s), for example:
Privy Council (Limitation of Appeals) Act 1968 (Cth) s 3.

(5) *Subsequent References*

- Subsequent references should refer back to the first citation of a reference as briefly as possible. 'Above', 'below' and 'ibid' should be used, but not 'op cit', 'supra' or 'infra'. 'Above' and 'below' are not used for subsequent references to cases or legislation. For example:
Mason, above n 13, 23.

- Where a footnote refers to the same reference as the preceding footnote, 'ibid' is used.
 - 2 Brent Fisse, *Howard's Criminal Law* (5th ed, 1990).
 - 3 Ibid 20-3.
 - 4 Ibid.
- 6. Single quotation marks should be used for direct quotations and double quotation marks for quoted quotations. Quotations of more than three lines should be indented and do not require quotation marks.
- 7. It is the Adelaide Law Review Association's policy to use gender neutral language. It is acceptable to use the third person plural in place of the third person gender specific, for example, they or their instead of he/she or his/her unless specific reference to gender is required.
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