

SOIL CONSERVATION AND CONTROL ORDINANCE 1969

319

No. 9 of 1970

An Ordinance to make provision for the prevention of
soil erosion and for the conservation and reclamation
of soil

[Reserved 9 January, 1970]

[Assented to 25 March, 1970]*

BE it ordained by the Legislative Council for the Northern
Territory of Australia as follows:—

PART I.—PRELIMINARY

1. This Ordinance may be cited as the *Soil Conservation and Control Ordinance 1969*. Short title

2. This Ordinance is divided into Parts, as follows:— Parts

Part I.—Preliminary (Sections 1-3).

Part II.—Administration (Sections 4-9).

Part III.—Soil Conservation and Land Reclamation.

Division 1.—Assistance to Landholders
(Sections 10-11).

Division 2.—Precautionary Measures (Sections
12-14).

Division 3.—Areas of Erosion Hazard
(Sections 15-18).

Part IV.—Enforcement (Sections 19-24).

Part V.—Loans for Works (Sections 25-38).

Part VI.—Miscellaneous (Sections 39-47).

3. In this Ordinance, unless the contrary intention appears— Definitions

“approved” means approved by the Administrator in
accordance with this Ordinance;

“inspector” means Soil Conservation Inspector;

“instrument of approval” means a document signed by
the Administrator stating that the Administrator
approves a loan;

“landholder”, in relation to any land, means an owner,
lessee, licensee, mortgagee in possession or oc-
cupier of that land or a manager or other person
managing or controlling the use of that land;

“the Commissioner” means the Commissioner for Soil
Conservation;

Soil Conservation and Control

"the Committee" means the Soil Conservation Advisory Committee;

"work" means a work for the conservation of soil or the reclamation of land.

PART II.—ADMINISTRATION

Commissioner for
Soil Conservation

4.—(1.) For the purposes of this Ordinance, there shall be a Commissioner for Soil Conservation.

(2.) The Commissioner has such powers and functions as are conferred or imposed on him by this Ordinance.

(3.) In the exercise of his powers and functions, the Commissioner is subject to the directions of the Administrator.

Soil Conservation
Inspectors

5.—(1.) There shall be such Soil Conservation Inspectors to assist the Commissioner in the performance of his functions under this Ordinance as the Administrator thinks necessary.

(2.) Each inspector has such powers and functions as are conferred or imposed on an inspector by this Ordinance.

(3.) In the exercise of his powers and functions, an inspector is subject to the directions of the Commissioner.

Appointment of
Commissioner
and inspectors

6. The Commissioner and each inspector shall be appointed by the Administrator.

Soil Conservation
Advisory
Committee

7.—(1.) For the purposes of this Ordinance, there shall be a committee, to be known as the Soil Conservation Advisory Committee.

(2.) The Committee has such powers and functions as are conferred or imposed on it by this Ordinance.

(3.) The Committee shall consist of—

(a) the Commissioner;

(b) a member with practical experience in the pastoral industry;

(c) a member with practical experience in agriculture and

(d) not less than two nor more than six other members

(4.) The members of the Committee, other than the Commissioner, shall be appointed by the Administrator in Council

(5.) The Commissioner shall be the chairman of the Committee.

(6.) The Administrator in Council shall appoint a member of the Committee to be the deputy chairman of the Committee

Fees

8. The members of the Committee are entitled to receive such fees and allowances as the Administrator in Council determines.

Meetings of
Committee

9.—(1.) Subject to this section, the Committee shall meet at such times and places as the chairman considers necessary

(2.) Within twenty-one days after the receipt of a written request signed by not less than three members of the Committee, the chairman shall call a meeting.

(3.) A meeting of the Committee shall be deemed not to have been duly called unless—

(a) at least fourteen days' notice of the meeting, or such lesser period of notice of the meeting as is approved by at least three members, has been given to each member either by telegram or by writing served personally or by post; and

(b) the notice of the meeting specifies the place where and the time when the meeting is to be held.

(4.) At a meeting of the Committee—

(a) five members, of whom one is the chairman or deputy chairman, form a quorum;

(b) the chairman, or in his absence the deputy chairman, shall preside;

(c) all questions shall be decided by a majority of votes of the members present; and

(d) the chairman, or in his absence the deputy chairman, has a deliberative vote and, in the event of an equality of votes, has also a casting vote.

(5.) The Committee may permit any person or the representative of any corporation, public authority, body, person or group of persons to speak at a meeting of the Committee, but such a person or representative shall not vote at the meeting.

PART III.—SOIL CONSERVATION AND LAND RECLAMATION

Division 1.—Assistance to Landholders

10. The Commissioner may provide information and advice relating to soil conservation and land reclamation. Information and advice

11.—(1.) The Commissioner may, by agreement with a person who is a landholder and subject to such conditions (if any) as are included in the agreement— Construction of works

(a) construct a work; or

(b) provide assistance in the construction of a work at that person's cost on land of which that person is a landholder.

(2.) Assistance that may be provided under the last preceding sub-section includes—

(a) the preparation of plans and specifications;

(b) the supervision of the construction of a work; and

(c) the hiring of equipment (including plant and machinery).

Commissioner
may carry out
public works

12.—(1.) The Commissioner may, out of moneys appropriated by the Parliament for the purpose, carry out works for the public purpose of preventing soil erosion or conserving or reclaiming soil.

(2.) Without limiting the generality of the last preceding sub-section, the Commissioner may—

- (a) carry out works on Crown lands; and
- (b) by agreement with a person who is a landholder, carry out works on land of which that person is a landholder where—
 - (i) that person is not entirely at fault for bringing about the circumstances that necessitate those works; or
 - (ii) that person cannot be required under this Ordinance to carry out those works.

(3.) The Commissioner may share the cost of carrying out a work with a person who is a landholder where that work is both in the public interest and in that person's interest.

Research into
causes of
erosion

13. The Commissioner may carry out, and may assist other persons to carry out, research into the causes and prevention of soil erosion and the reclamation and utilisation of land.

Division 2.—Precautionary Measures

Commissioner
may issue Soil
Conservation
Order

14.—(1.) Where in the opinion of the Commissioner a danger of soil erosion would be created if—

- (a) timber, scrub or other vegetable cover (whether living or dead) were damaged, destroyed, removed or otherwise interfered with on or from an area of land;
 - (b) a particular method or practice of land use were adopted in relation to an area of land; or
 - (c) the number of livestock carried on an area of land were increased beyond a particular number
- the Commissioner may serve a Soil Conservation Order on a landholder of that area of land.

(2.) A Soil Conservation Order served under this section may direct the person on whom it is served—

- (a) not to damage, destroy, remove or otherwise interfere with timber, scrub or other vegetable cover (whether living or dead) on or from an area of land specified in the order;
- (b) not to adopt in relation to an area of land specified in the order a method or practice of land use specified in the order; or
- (c) not to increase the number of livestock carried on an area of land specified in the order beyond a number specified in the order.

(3.) The Commissioner may revoke or vary a Soil Conservation Order served under this section.

(4.) A person served with a Soil Conservation Order under this section or a successor of such a person shall comply with and shall not contravene that order.

Penalty: One hundred dollars.

15.—(1.) Where a person contravenes or fails to comply with a Soil Conservation Order served under the last preceding section and a danger of soil erosion is, in the opinion of the Commissioner, thereby created, the Commissioner may order that person to take such measures as are specified in the order to reduce that danger.

Commissioner
may order
offender to
reduce danger of
erosion

(2.) A person served with an order under this section shall, forthwith or within such time as the Commissioner allows, comply with and shall not contravene that order.

Penalty: One hundred dollars.

16.—(1.) Before he serves, or forthwith after he has served, a Soil Conservation Order under this Division, the Commissioner shall call a meeting of the Committee.

Committee to
ratify acts
of Commissioner

(2.) Where a meeting is called under this section before an order is served, the Commissioner shall not serve that order unless the Committee approves it.

(3.) Where a meeting is called under this section after an order is served, the Commissioner shall, unless the Committee approves the order in the terms in which it is served—

- (a) revoke the order; or
- (b) vary the order in such manner as the Committee directs.

Division 3.—Areas of Erosion Hazard

17.—(1.) The Administrator in Council may, upon the recommendation of the Committee, by notice in the *Gazette*, declare an area of land that is subject to soil erosion or that is likely to become subject to soil erosion to be an area of erosion hazard.

Declaration of
area of erosion
hazard

(2.) A declaration made under the last preceding sub-section shall—

- (a) define, by reference to a map or plan, the area of land to which it relates; and
- (b) prescribe measures to be taken in the area to reduce the hazard and specify by whom the measures must be taken.

(3.) Without limiting the generality of the last preceding sub-section, a declaration made under sub-section (1.) of this section may—

- (a) require a work to be executed on or in relation to the land, or a part of the land, to which it relates;

(b) determine a limit to the number of livestock, or to the number of livestock of a specified class, that are permitted to be carried, or to be carried from time to time, on the land, or a part of the land, to which it relates; and

(c) otherwise restrict the lawful use of the land, or a part of the land, to which it relates.

(4.) The Administrator in Council may, upon the recommendation of the Committee, by notice in the *Gazette*, amend a declaration made under sub-section (1.) of this section by prescribing measures, to be taken in the area of land to which the declaration relates to reduce the hazard, in substitution for the measures prescribed in the declaration.

(5.) The Administrator in Council may, upon the recommendation of the Commissioner, by notice in the *Gazette*, revoke a declaration made under sub-section (1.) of this section.

Notice of
proposal to
create area of
erosion hazard

18.—(1.) Before making a recommendation for the purposes of the last preceding section, the Committee shall—

(a) give notice in the *Gazette* and in a newspaper circulating in the locality in which the land, the subject of the proposed recommendation, is situated, of its intention to make the recommendation;

(b) serve a copy of the notice on—

(i) each landholder holding a registered interest in the land or a part of the land;

(ii) the occupier of the land or of each part of the land; and

(iii) each registered mortgagee of any part of the land that is subject to mortgage; and

(c) consider the objections, if any, that are referred to it in accordance with the next succeeding section.

(2.) A notice given under the last preceding sub-section shall—

(a) define, by reference to a map or plan, the area of land the subject of the proposed recommendation;

(b) set out the proposed recommendation and, where that recommendation includes a recommendation that a work should be required to be executed, estimate the cost of executing that work; and

(c) appoint a date, not being earlier than forty-two days after the notice is published as required and not being earlier than thirty days after the copy of the notice is served as required, on or before

which objections may be lodged against the proposal.

19.—(1.) A person upon whom a copy of a notice is served under the last preceding section may, not later than the appointed date, lodge with the Commissioner an objection in writing to the proposal, specifying the grounds of the objection. Objections

(2.) The Commissioner shall, subject to the next succeeding sub-section, refer the objection to the Committee.

(3.) The Commissioner may, without calling a meeting of the Committee—

(a) where no objections are lodged, forward the proposed recommendation to the Administrator in Council in the name of the Committee; or

(b) where an objection is lodged, allow it and forward the proposed recommendation as so amended to the Administrator in Council in the name of the Committee.

20. A landholder in an area that is declared to be an area of erosion hazard shall, within such time as the Commissioner allows, take the measures to reduce the hazard that are prescribed or provided for under section 15 of this Ordinance in relation to the land of which he is a landholder. Landholder
to reduce
hazard

Penalty: One hundred dollars.

PART IV.—ENFORCEMENT

21.—(1.) Where a person reasonably incurs expense in taking an action that, under this Ordinance, he is required to take, he may recover contribution from any other person who is required to take that action. Contribution
between
landholders

(2.) An action claiming contribution may be brought in a court of competent jurisdiction.

(3.) A court hearing such an action shall consider the relative benefit to each party of the action taken and shall make such order as to contribution and as to costs as it thinks just.

22.—(1.) Where a landholder neglects or refuses to take an action that, under this Ordinance, he is required to take, the Commonwealth may, at the request of the Commissioner, cause that action to be taken and, for that purpose, may, by its servants or agents, with or without vehicles and equipment, enter upon the land of which that person is a landholder. Failure to
perform
obligation

(2.) For the purposes of the last preceding sub-section—

(a) the Administrator may, with the approval of the Minister, authorize the taking of an action by or

on behalf of the Commonwealth; and

- (b) the Administrator may, without the prior approval of the Minister, authorize the taking of an action by or on behalf of the Commonwealth at a cost not exceeding Ten thousand dollars.

(3.) The amount of the expense incurred by the Commonwealth in causing an action to be taken under sub-section (1.) of this section shall be a debt due to the Commonwealth by the person who neglected or refused to take the action and that debt—

- (a) shall bear interest at such rate as the Administrator from time to time determines by notice in the *Gazette*; and

- (b) may be recovered, together with that interest, by action against the debtor in a court of competent jurisdiction.

(4.) Where, under this section, two or more persons are liable for a debt, they are jointly and severally liable.

(5.) A person who, under this section, is liable for a debt may recover contribution from another person who is likewise liable, either by joining that other person as a party in an action brought under this section or by bringing a separate action in a court of competent jurisdiction.

(6.) A court hearing a claim for contribution under this section shall consider the relative benefit of the action from which the debt arose to each party and shall make such order as to contribution and as to costs as it thinks just.

(7.) In proceedings by the Commonwealth to recover an amount under this section, a certificate by the Administrator certifying that an amount specified in the certificate was the amount of expense incurred by the Commonwealth in taking an action specified in the certificate is *prima facie* evidence of the fact certified.

Caveat

23.—(1.) Where, in an action under this Ordinance, judgment has been entered for an amount to be paid to the Commonwealth, the subject land is charged with payment of the amount and the Commissioner or a person authorized by him to do so may, while the amount remains unpaid, lodge a caveat with the Registrar-General forbidding the registration of any dealing with the subject land.

(2.) The provisions of Part XVI. of *The Real Property Act and Ordinance* 1886 to 1968 shall apply to and in relation to a caveat lodged in accordance with the last preceding sub-section.

Execution of judgment

24.—(1.) The Commonwealth shall not execute a judgment that it obtains under this Ordinance unless the Commissioner

certifies that he knows of no sufficient reason why execution of the judgment should be delayed.

(2.) Before he issues a certificate for the purposes of the last preceding sub-section, the Commissioner shall—

- (a) not less than one year after the date on which the judgment is obtained, by writing served on the judgment debtor, ask the judgment debtor whether there is any reason why the judgment should not be executed; and
- (b) not less than one year after making that request, give notice in the *Gazette* of his intention to issue the certificate.

PART V.—LOANS FOR WORKS

25.—(1.) A person may make application to the Commissioner for a loan in respect of a work proposed to be carried out on land of which the person is a landholder. Application for advance

(2.) The application shall be in writing addressed to the Commissioner and signed by the applicant.

(3.) The application shall be accompanied by a deposit of such amount as is prescribed.

(4.) The application may be in respect of—

- (a) a work to be constructed by the applicant;
 - (b) a work to be constructed by some person other than the applicant under a contract between the applicant and that other person; or
 - (c) a work to be constructed by the Commissioner or his agent at the request of the applicant,
- and shall indicate the person proposed by the applicant as the person by whom the work is to be constructed.

26. On receipt of the application, the Commissioner shall obtain such information as he considers necessary for the discharge of his duties under this section and shall then submit the application to the Administrator, together with— Procedure by Commissioner on receipt of application

- (a) a report as to the desirability of the work proposed to be constructed;
- (b) an estimate of the cost of constructing the work;
- (c) a recommendation that a loan be approved or not approved; and
- (d) if the Commissioner recommends that a loan be approved, a statement setting out the extent and estimated cost of the work, or that part of the work, as the case may be, in respect of which he recommends that a loan be approved.

27.—(1.) On receipt of an application so submitted the Administrator may, in his discretion, but subject to this Ordinance, Administrator may approve

nance, approve that a loan of such amount as he specifies in the instrument of approval be made to the applicant.

(2.) The approval shall be in writing signed by the Administrator and shall set out any conditions, not being conditions applicable under this Ordinance to all advances, to which the advance, if made, shall be subject.

(3.) A loan, if made, shall be made for such period, not exceeding twenty years, as the Administrator specifies in the instrument of approval.

Where consent
of Minister
required

28. The Administrator shall not, without the consent of the Minister, approve that a loan be made if—

- (a) the amount of the advance exceeds Ten thousand dollars; or
- (b) in respect of previous assistance under this Ordinance the applicant owes an amount which, together with the amount of the loan, exceeds Ten thousand dollars.

Loan to be
made out of
moneys
appropriated

29. If an advance is made it shall be made out of moneys appropriated by the Parliament.

Interest
on loan

30.—(1.) The Administrator may, by notice in the *Gazette*, determine an interest rate on loans made under this Ordinance.

(2.) A loan shall bear interest at the determined rate as at the date on which the loan is made.

Security for
loan

31. A loan shall not be made to a person unless repayment of the loan together with interest shall have been secured by way of such mortgage or charge as the Administrator approves.

Advance not
to exceed
ninety per
centum of cost
of work

32.—(1.) A loan under this Ordinance shall not exceed ninety per centum of the cost of constructing the work in respect of which the loan is approved.

(2.) Where assistance furnished under this Ordinance to a person and expressed to be furnished as or as part of a loan exceeds ninety per centum of the finally determined cost of constructing a work in respect of which the person has made application for a loan, the excess is a debt owed by the person to the Commonwealth, and is payable by the person to the Commonwealth when the Commissioner serves on the person notice, which may be by post, of the amount of the excess.

(3.) For the purposes of this section where a loan is approved and the applicant for the loan constructs all or part of the work in respect of which the loan is approved, the cost of constructing the work shall include, in respect of the work or part of the work constructed by the applicant—

- (a) the amount estimated by the Commissioner to be the cost of the work or part of the work constructed by the applicant; or
 - (b) the amount estimated by the Commissioner to be what it would have cost the Commissioner to construct the work or part of the work constructed by the applicant,
- whichever is the less.

33. The Administrator shall not approve a loan unless he is satisfied that—

Administrator
to be
satisfied as to
certain matters
before approving
loan

- (a) the work in respect of which the loan is applied for is, having regard to the state of development of the Territory and of the land to which the application relates, economically desirable for producing, or producing more efficiently, agricultural or pastoral products on that land;
- (b) when the work is constructed that land will be used efficiently for the economic production of agricultural or pastoral products; and
- (c) the products so produced will be of sufficient value to justify the cost of the work.

34. If the Administrator approves a loan he shall inform the Commissioner that he has done so and shall forward to the Commissioner a copy of the instrument of approval.

Administrator
to inform
Commissioner if
loan approved

35.—(1.) On receipt of a copy of an instrument of approval, the Commissioner shall serve on the applicant to whom the instrument relates a statement in writing informing him that his application is approved and a document containing an offer to him of a loan.

Commissioner
to inform
applicant where
loan is
approved

(2.) The statement shall specify the cost estimated by the Commissioner to be the cost of the work in respect of which the application is approved.

(3.) The offer shall specify—

- (a) the work in respect of which the offer is made;
- (b) the amount, not exceeding ninety per centum of the estimated cost of that work, provisionally approved as the amount to be advanced in respect of that work;
- (c) where the work is to be constructed by the Commissioner, the conditions (including conditions as to charges to be made by the Commissioner) under which the Commissioner is prepared to do the work; and
- (d) the conditions as to repayment of the loan subject to which the offer is made.

(4.) The statement and the document may be served by post.

Notice of
acceptance &c.

36.—(1.) If the applicant desires to accept a loan in accordance with the offer referred to in the last preceding section he shall, not later than two months after the date on which the document containing the offer is served on him, serve on the Commissioner notice in writing that he accepts the offer.

(2.) The notice may be served by post.

(3.) Where the work is to be constructed by the Commissioner, the applicant shall furnish to the Commissioner, with the notice referred to in sub-section (1.) of this section, an amount equal to the difference between the cost estimated by the Commissioner to be the cost of the work and the amount provisionally approved as the amount to be advanced in respect of the work.

Instalments and
conditions of
loan

37. Subject to this Ordinance and the regulations, a loan shall be made by such instalments and shall be subject to such conditions as are agreed between the applicant and the Commissioner.

Extension of
time for
payment

38.—(1.) In case of hardship the Administrator may extend the time for payment of any sum due by any producer on account of a loan.

(2.) Where the time for payment of any sum is extended in pursuance of this section, the sum shall, during the time in which it remains unpaid, bear interest at the rate borne by the loan.

PART VI.—MISCELLANEOUS

Commissioner
may require
person to
furnish
information

39.—(1.) For the purposes of this Ordinance, the Commissioner may require a person to furnish such information concerning land of which that person is or was a landholder as in the opinion of the Commissioner is necessary or desirable relating to—

- (a) works executed on or in relation to that land;
- (b) livestock carried on that land; and
- (c) methods and practices of land use adopted on that land.

(2.) The Commissioner may require information furnished under the last preceding sub-section to be verified, by statutory declaration or otherwise, to the satisfaction of the Commissioner.

(3.) A person shall comply with and shall not contravene a requirement made by the Commissioner under this section.

Penalty: One hundred dollars.

Power to
enter upon
land

40.—(1.) For the purposes of this Ordinance, the Commissioner or an inspector may—

- (a) enter upon any land, together with any other persons or any animals, plant, machinery and equipment; and
- (b) dig or bore into the land, make surveys, place marks and carry out investigations.

(2.) A person shall not enter upon any land under this section unless reasonable notice in writing of intention to enter has been served upon the occupier.

41. A person shall not—

- (a) without the approval of the Commissioner, destroy, damage, deface or remove from its position any improvement, structure, line, mark or item of machinery or equipment placed on land in the exercise of a power or the performance of a function or duty under this Ordinance; or
- (b) prevent or hinder a person exercising a power or performing a function or duty under this Ordinance.

Obstruction of
authorized
person, &c.

Penalty: One hundred dollars.

42. Where a person authorized by or under this Ordinance to exercise a power conferred by or under this Ordinance causes damage in the course of exercising that power, no liability for the damage lies upon any person, but the Administrator may, if he thinks fit, pay such amount as he thinks fit in full or partial compensation for the damage to the person who appears to him to have suffered the damage.

Damage

43.—(1.) A person who claims that the exercise of a power conferred by or under this Ordinance has resulted in the acquisition by the Commonwealth of property of which he is the owner may apply to the Administrator for payment to him by the Commonwealth of the value of the property which he claims to have been acquired by the Commonwealth.

Acquisition of
property

(2.) The application shall be in writing and shall set out details as to—

- (a) the property alleged to have been acquired;
- (b) the applicant's title to that property;
- (c) the time when and the circumstances in which that property is alleged to have been acquired; and
- (d) the amount alleged to be the value of that property.

(3.) The Administrator shall consider the application and, if he is satisfied that property of the applicant has been acquired by the Commonwealth as a result of the exercise of a power conferred by or under this Ordinance, he shall offer to the

applicant payment of the amount alleged by the applicant to be the value of the property so acquired or such lesser amount as is in his opinion the value of that property.

(4.) If the applicant accepts the offer, the Administrator shall pay to the applicant the amount so agreed on.

(5.) If the Administrator rejects the application or the applicant rejects an offer of payment made by the Administrator, the applicant may institute proceedings against the Commonwealth in any court of competent jurisdiction for payment to him of an amount as compensation for his property acquired by the Commonwealth in the exercise of a power conferred by or under this Ordinance.

(6.) Except where inconsistent with this section, the provisions of section 28 of the *Lands Acquisition Act* 1955-1966 shall apply, to the extent to which they are capable of applying, to and in relation to proceedings under this section as if they were proceedings instituted under section 28 of that Act.

Service of
notice

44.—(1.) An order or notice under this Ordinance may be served on a person—

- (a) by handing it or tendering it to that person;
- (b) by posting it to that person at his last known or usual place of abode or business;
- (c) by leaving it with some person apparently over the age of sixteen years at the last known or usual place of abode or business of that person; or
- (d) if the address of the person is not known, by publishing the notice in two numbers of the *Gazette* published within a period of not more than one month.

Offences

45.—(1.) Where a person commits an offence by reason of his refusal or failure to do an act that he is required under this Ordinance to do—

- (a) that offence shall, for the purpose of the next succeeding paragraph, be deemed to continue so long as the person refuses or fails to do the act; and
- (b) if that person is convicted of the offence, then he commits a further offence against this Ordinance on each day on which the offence is deemed to continue after the day on which he is so convicted and he is punishable in respect of each such further offence, upon conviction, by a fine not exceeding One hundred dollars.

(2.) Proceedings for the conviction of a person, in respect of an offence against this Ordinance, may be instituted in the

name of the Commissioner by complaint in a court of summary jurisdiction.

46. The Committee shall, as soon as practicable after the end of each year ending on the thirtieth day of June, furnish to the Administrator, for transmission to the Minister, a report with respect to its operations in that year.

Committee
to furnish
annual report

47. The Administrator in Council may make regulations not inconsistent with this Ordinance prescribing all matters which by this Ordinance are required or permitted to be prescribed, or which are necessary or convenient to be prescribed, for carrying out or giving effect to this Ordinance.

Regulations

