

ARCHITECTS.

No. 9 of 1956.

AN ACT to amend the *Architects Act 1929*. [16 May 1956.]

BE it enacted by His Excellency the Governor of Tasmania, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and House of Assembly, in Parliament assembled, as follows:—

1—(1) This Act may be cited as the *Architects Act 1956*. Short title and citation.

(2) The *Architects Act 1929*, as subsequently amended, is in this Act referred to as the Principal Act.

2 Sections sixteen and seventeen of the Principal Act are repealed and the following sections are substituted therefor:—

“16—(1) Where an architect is—

I Convicted of—

(a) A crime:

(b) An offence which, if committed in this State, would be a crime: or

(c) A contravention of subsection (2) of section nineteen: or

II Alleged to be guilty of infamous or improper conduct in a professional respect, or not to possess the qualifications in respect of which he was registered,

Disciplinary power of the Board.

the Board may summon him to appear before it in accordance with subsection (2) of this section.

(2) A summons under subsection (1) of this section—

I In a case to which paragraph I of that subsection applies, shall contain particulars of the conviction and inform the architect summoned that he must show cause why his name should not be removed from the register:

II In a case to which paragraph II of that subsection applies, shall contain the substance of the allegation and inform the architect summoned that he may answer it:

III Shall be under the seal of the Board: and

IV May be served personally or by registered post.

(3) If a person duly served with a summons under subsection (2) of this section does not appear in accordance therewith, or having so appeared absents himself during the course of the Board's hearing thereon, the Board may proceed as if he were present.

(4) The Board upon hearing—

- I In the case to which paragraph I of subsection (1) applies, any cause shown by the architect: or
- II In the case to which paragraph II of that subsection applies, what is said for and against the allegation,

may make an order in accordance with subsection (5) of this section.

(5) The Board may for the purposes of subsection (4) of this section order—

I Where an architect is guilty of improper conduct in a professional respect, that—

- (a) His registration be suspended for a term not exceeding twelve months:
- (b) He pay the Board a fine of not more than one hundred pounds: or
- (c) He be reprimanded by the Board: and

II Where an architect—

- (a) Has been convicted as mentioned in paragraph I of subsection (1) of this section:
- (b) Is guilty of infamous conduct in a professional respect: or
- (c) Is found not to possess the qualifications in respect of which he is registered,

that his name be removed from the register, or make any order that it might make under paragraph I of this subsection.

(5) In determining whether an architect is guilty of infamous or improper conduct in a professional respect regard may be had to any document promulgated by the Board with the approval of the Minister and declaring the proper conduct of architects in a professional respect.

Removal from register, &c. "17—(1) The Board shall remove from the register the name of any person—

- I Who has died: or
- II Whose name it has ordered to be removed from the register under section sixteen.

(2) While an architect's registration is suspended under section sixteen, his name shall be deemed to have been removed from the register.

“ 17A—(1) A person—

Right of
appeal.

I Whose application for registration has been refused on any ground other than that he has not passed the prescribed examination: or

II Against whom an order has been made under section sixteen,

may appeal to the Supreme Court.

(2) An appeal under this section shall be subject to the Rules of Court under the *Supreme Court Civil Procedure Act 1932* and therein the Court may make such order, including an order as to costs, as it thinks just.

(3) The Board shall comply with an order of the Supreme Court under this section.”.

POTATO MARKETING BOARD.

No. 10 of 1956.

AN ACT to amend the *Potato Marketing Board Act 1952*.

[16 May 1956.]

WHEREAS the Potato Marketing Board of Tasmania is Preamble. incorporated by the *Potato Marketing Board Act 1952*:

And whereas by that Act it is provided, among other things, that the members of the Board shall be elected by the growers in the several divisions or parts of the State that are specified in the schedule to that Act:

And whereas it is provided by that Act that a candidate for election as a member of the Board must be a registered grower at the time of his nomination but no provision is made by that Act disqualifying a person from continuing as a member if he ceases to be a grower:

And whereas no provision is made by that Act disqualifying from membership of the Board persons who are engaged in a business connected with the buying, selling, shipping,