

**4** After section thirteen of the Principal Act the following section is inserted:—

Arrangement  
with Com-  
monwealth  
for the pro-  
vision of  
moneys for  
the purposes  
of this Act.

“13A—(1) The Treasurer may enter into an arrangement with the Treasurer of the Commonwealth for or with respect to—

- (a) the making by the Commonwealth to the State of advances for the purpose of assisting the State to provide the moneys required for the making of loans under this Act;
- (b) the terms and conditions on which those advances shall be made (including the period during which, and the latest date by which, those advances shall be repaid by the State to the Commonwealth); and
- (c) such ancillary or incidental matters as are agreed on between the Treasurer and the Treasurer of the Commonwealth and as are specified in the arrangement.

“(2) Moneys that are advanced to the State pursuant to an arrangement under this section shall be applied for the purpose of making loans under this Act and not otherwise.”.

Title.

**5** The title of the Principal Act is amended by omitting the word “dairy”.

Operation of  
amendments.

**6** The amendments of section four of the Principal Act that are made by this Act apply only in relation to loans made on or after the date of commencement of this Act.

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## CORONERS.

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### No. 66 of 1968.

AN ACT to amend the *Coroners Act* 1957.

[20 December 1968.]

**BE** it enacted by His Excellency the Governor of Tasmania, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and House of Assembly, in Parliament assembled, as follows:—

Short title  
and citation.

**1**—(1) This Act may be cited as the *Coroners Act* 1968.

(2) The *Coroners Act* 1957, as subsequently amended, is in this Act referred to as the Principal Act.

**2** Section seven of the Principal Act is amended by omitting sub-paragraph (ii) of paragraph (b) of subsection (1) and substituting therefor the following sub-paragraph:—

“(ii) while he is liable to be detained under the *Mental Health Act 1963* in a hospital within the meaning of that Act or is an inmate of such a hospital pursuant to such arrangements as are referred to in section five of that Act; or”.

**3** Section twelve of the Principal Act is amended by omitting subsection (3) and substituting therefor the following subsections:—

Proceedings  
at inquest  
of death.

“(3) The coroner, after the termination of an inquest into a death and within eight days after the finding or verdict thereat, shall, whether or not information has previously been supplied to the appropriate registrar with respect to the death under subsection (4) of this section, cause the appropriate registrar to be informed—

- (a) of the particulars required by the *Registration of Births and Deaths Act 1895* to be registered concerning the death, or such of those particulars as could be ascertained at the inquest; and
- (b) of the finding or verdict at the inquest, specifying the time and place of the holding thereof.

“(4) Where an inquest concerning a death is adjourned, either pursuant to section twenty-two or for a period exceeding one month or to a date to be fixed, the coroner shall, forthwith, cause the appropriate registrar to be given such information relating to the death as the coroner is then able to give.

“(5) Where an inquest concerning a death is adjourned pursuant to section twenty-two and is not to be resumed the coroner shall, within eight days after the decision not to resume the inquest, cause the appropriate registrar to be informed of the fact that the inquest is not to be resumed and of the result of the criminal proceedings in relation to which the inquest was adjourned.

“(6) A registrar who receives any particulars under this section in respect of a death shall, unless the death has already been registered under the *Registration of Births and Deaths Act 1895*, forthwith register that death in accordance with that Act.

“(7) In this section ‘appropriate registrar’ in relation to a death means the registrar of births and deaths required by the *Registration of Births and Deaths Act 1895* to register that death.”.

Post-mortem  
examination  
without  
inquest.

**4** Section fourteen of the Principal Act is amended by omitting subsections (3) and (4) and substituting therefor the following subsection:—

“(3) If, as a result of a post-mortem examination under subsection (1) of this section, the coroner is satisfied that no inquest ought to be held he shall forthwith cause the registrar of births and deaths required by the *Registration of Births and Deaths Act 1895* to register the death to be informed of the particulars required by that Act to be registered concerning the death, or such of those particulars as have been ascertained by the coroner, and shall cause a copy of the report of the post-mortem examination to be sent to that registrar.”.

Cases of  
murder, man-  
slaughter,  
infanticide,  
or fire-raising.

**5** Section twenty-two of the Principal Act is amended by omitting subsection (5).

Formal  
amendments  
of the  
Principal Act.

**6** The sections of the Principal Act that are specified in the first column of the schedule to this Act are amended as respectively specified in the second column of that schedule.

## THE SCHEDULE.

(Section 6.)

### FORMAL AMENDMENTS OF THE PRINCIPAL ACT.

FIRST COLUMN. Section amended.	SECOND COLUMN. How amended.
16	From subsection (6) omit the words “eighty-three of the <i>Justices Procedure Act 1919</i> ” and substitute the words “sixty-three of the <i>Justices Act 1959</i> ”.
20	From subsection (2) omit “ <i>Mines and Works Regulation Act 1915</i> ” and substitute “ <i>Mines Inspection Act 1968</i> ”.
25	From subsection (2) omit “ <i>Mines and Works Regulation Act 1915</i> ” and substitute “ <i>Mines Inspection Act 1968</i> ”.
37	From subsection (3) omit “fifty-one to fifty-five of the <i>Justices Procedure Act 1919</i> ” and substitute “forty-one, forty-two, forty-three, and forty-four of the <i>Justices Act 1959</i> ”.