

“7. Where property passes to a person other than a person mentioned in paragraphs 4, 5, or 6 of this schedule, duty is payable in accordance with the following scale:—

Where the aggregated value of the estate, after deducting all debts but without any other deduction—	Amount of duty.
Does not exceed £15,000	15 per cent of the total value of the estate
Exceeds £15,000 but does not exceed £25,000	£2,250, plus 20 per cent of the excess over £15,000
Exceeds £25,000 but does not exceed £35,000	£4,250, plus 25 per cent of the excess over £25,000
Exceeds £35,000 but does not exceed £50,000	£6,750, plus 30 per cent of the excess over £35,000
Exceeds £50,000 but does not exceed £75,000	£11,250, plus 35 per cent of the excess over £50,000
Exceeds £75,000 but does not exceed £100,000	£20,000, plus 40 per cent of the excess over £75,000
Exceeds £100,000	30 per cent of the total value of the estate.”

ELECTORAL.

No. 76 of 1953.

AN ACT to amend the *Electoral Act 1907*.
[9 December, 1953.]

BE it enacted by His Excellency the Governor of Tasmania, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and House of Assembly, in Parliament assembled, as follows:—

1—(1) This Act may be cited as the *Electoral Act 1953*. Short title and citation.

(2) The *Electoral Act 1907*, as subsequently amended, is in this Act referred to as the Principal Act.

2 After section one hundred and eighty-two A of the Principal Act the following section is inserted:—

Special ballot for the purposes of section 24A of the Constitution Act 1934.

“ 183—(1) For the purposes only of section twenty-four A of the *Constitution Act 1934*, an elector who votes at a general election of Members of the Assembly shall, in addition to recording a vote for the election of Members to serve in the Assembly for the division in respect of which the elector is enrolled, record a vote for a political party in accordance with the provisions of this section.

(2) The returning officer for each division shall, for the purposes of this section, cause to be handed to each elector, or, in the case of an elector who votes by post, shall cause to be forwarded to the elector, a ballot-paper containing the names of the several political parties to which candidates for election at that election belong.

(3) A ballot-paper to be used for the purposes of this section may be in accordance with form IIIB. in the third schedule and the returning officer for each division shall determine by lot the order in which the names of the political parties shall be set forth in the ballot-papers to be used by electors enrolled for that division.

(4) For the purposes of this section—

I. A candidate or group of candidates may, not later than seventy-two hours after the hour of nomination, lodge with the Chief Electoral Officer a notice in accordance with form IIIC. in the third schedule stating that he is a member, or, as the case may be, that they are members, of the political party that is specified in that behalf in the notice, and setting forth the name by which that party should be designated in the ballot-papers mentioned in subsection (2) of this section: and

II. No party, group, or organization shall be deemed to be a political party unless the Chief Electoral Officer is satisfied, and so certifies in writing published in the *Gazette*, that at least fifteen candidates who have been nominated for election to the Assembly at the general election (whether in any one division or in two or more divisions) are members of that party, group, or organization.

(5) At a general election of Members of the Assembly votes shall be recorded, for the purposes of subsection (2) of this section, in the following manner:—

I. No name shall be struck out from a ballot-paper:

II. The elector shall place the number “ 1 ” within, or substantially within, the square opposite the name of the political party for which he votes as his first preference:

- III. If the names of more than two political parties are set forth in the ballot-papers, the elector shall also give contingent votes for at least two of the remaining political parties by placing within, or substantially within, the square respectively opposite the names of those parties the numbers "2" and "3", so as to indicate the order of his preference: and
- IV. The elector may, in addition, indicate the order of his preference for as many more of the other political parties, if any, as he pleases by placing within, or substantially within, the square respectively opposite the names of those political parties, other numbers next in numerical order after those already used by him.

(6) The provisions of Part XI, so far as they are applicable and with the necessary modifications, apply to a poll taken for the purposes of this section and to the scrutiny of the ballot-papers used thereat as they apply to elections of Members to serve in either House, and, for the purposes of this section, a reference in those provisions to a candidate shall be construed as a reference to a political party the name of which is set forth in the ballot-papers under this section.

(7) The votes recorded by electors for the purposes of subsection (2) of this section shall be counted in accordance with the provisions of the fourth schedule as if they were votes cast at an election where only one Member is to be returned for a division, and as if each of the political parties specified in the ballot-papers were a candidate.

(8) When the votes referred to in subsection (7) have been counted in accordance with that subsection, the Chief Electoral Officer shall prepare and publish in the *Gazette*, and shall submit to the Governor, a return specifying the total number of votes obtained respectively by the political parties the names of which are set forth in the ballot-papers.

(9) For the purposes of subsection (2) of section twenty-four A of the *Constitution Act 1934*, the Member to be elected to the Assembly under that subsection shall be a person who is a member of the political party that obtained the greatest number of votes, as appearing from the return referred to in subsection (8) of this section.

(10) A—

I. Decision by the Chief Electoral Officer on the question whether any party, group, or organization is a political party for the purposes of this section: or

II. Return by the Chief Electoral Officer under subsection (8) of this section,

shall be conclusive and shall not be questioned or be subject to review in any court or in any proceedings."

Third
schedule.

3 The third schedule to the Principal Act is amended by inserting after form IIIA the following forms:—

“ FORM IIIB.

Section 183.

FORM OF BALLOT-PAPER UNDER SECTION 183.

- (name of political party)
 (name of political party)
 (name of political party)
 (name of political party)

FORM IIIC.

“ NOTICE BY CANDIDATE(S) UNDER SECTION 183.

To the Chief Electoral Officer.

Take notice that * I am a member/*We are members of the (name of political party to which candidate belongs, or candidates belong).

The name by which the said party should be designated in the ballot-papers issued for the purposes of section 183 of the *Electoral Act 1907* is as follows:—

..... (here insert correct name of political party).

Dated this day of 19

(Signature(s).)”.

* Strike out whichever is inapplicable.

LAND VALUATION.

No. 77 of 1953.

AN ACT to amend the *Land Valuation Act 1950*.
 [9 December, 1953.]

BE it enacted by His Excellency the Governor of Tasmania, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and House of Assembly, in Parliament assembled, as follows:—

Short title and
citation.

1—(1) This Act may be cited as the *Land Valuation Act 1953*.

(2) The *Land Valuation Act 1950* is in this Act referred to as the Principal Act.