

#### LAND TAX ACT 1982

### No. 77 of 1982

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GENERAL SCALE OF LAND TAX

AN ACT to prescribe the scales of land tax in respect of various classes of land for the financial year beginning 1st July 1982 and for related purposes.

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[Royal Assent 16 December 1982]

BE it enacted by His Excellency the Governor of Tasmania, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and House of Assembly, in Parliament assembled, as follows:—

(b) in relation to a building constructed on land owned by 2 or more joint owners—a flat which a person has an exclusive right to occupy by virtue of his having an interest in the land as a joint owner and also of having entered into an agreement or arrangement with the other joint owner or owners whereby an exclusive right to occupy the flat is conferred on him,

but does not include a stratum flat.

- (2) For the purposes of this Act, a person shall be treated as having an exclusive right to occupy a unit notwithstanding that he may have let the unit or part of the unit to another person or that he shares the occupation of the unit with one or more other persons.
- 5—(1) Where on 1st July 1982 a dwelling-house or a stratum Land tax payable in flat is occupied as a principal residence, the amount of land tax respect of leviable and payable for the financial year commencing on that date in respect of the land on which the dwelling-house is constructed or, residence. as the case may be, the stratum flat, shall, subject to this section and sections 6, 9, and 10, and to the provisions of the Principal Act, be such amount as is calculated by reference to the scale of land tax specified in Schedule 1.

- (2) Where on 1st July 1982 a part of a dwelling-house or stratum flat is occupied as a principal residence and another part is not so occupied and, in the case of a dwelling-house the land on which the dwelling-house is constructed, is not rural land and is not land to which subsection (5) applies, the amount of land tax leviable and payable for the financial year commencing on that date in respect of that land or, as the case may be, in respect of the stratum flat shall be the aggregate of—
  - (a) the amount that would be payable as land tax under Schedule 1 if the part of the dwelling-house or stratum flat occupied as a principal residence had a separate land value determined in accordance with subsection (3): and
  - (b) the amount that would be payable as land tax under Schedule 3 if the part of the dwelling-house or stratum flat not so occupied had a separate land value determined in accordance with subsection (4).

(3) For the purposes of subsection (2) (a), the land value of the part of the dwelling-house or stratum flat occupied as a principal residence shall be determined in accordance with the following formula:—

$$d \!=\! \! \frac{e}{t} \! \times v$$

where—

- "d" is the land value to be determined;
- "e" is the floor area of the part of the dwelling-house or stratum flat occupied as a principal residence;
- "t" is the total floor area of the dwelling-house or stratum flat; and
- "v" is the land value of the land on which the dwelling-house is constructed or of the stratum flat.
- (4) For the purposes of subsection (2) (b), the land value of the part of the dwelling-house or stratum flat not occupied as a principal residence shall be determined in accordance with the following formula:—

$$f = \frac{g}{t} \times v$$

where---

- "f" is the land value to be determined;
- "g" is the floor area of the part of the dwelling-house or stratum flat not occupied as a principal residence;
- "t" is the total floor area of the dwelling-house or stratum flat; and
- "v" is the land value of the land on which the dwelling-house is constructed or of the stratum flat.

# (5) Where on 1st July 1982—

- (a) a dwelling-house occupied as a principal residence is constructed on a parcel of land that is not rural land; and
- (b) a part of the parcel of land is used otherwise than as a dwelling-house or is used for a purpose other than a bona fide domestic purpose in connection with the use of that dwelling-house for residential purposes,

the amount of land tax leviable and payable for the financial year commencing on that date in respect of that parcel of land shall be the aggregate of—

- (a) the amount that would be payable as land tax under Schedule 1 if the part of the parcel of land on which the dwelling-house occupied, or the part of the dwelling-house occupied, as a principal residence is constructed, together with any part of that parcel that is used for bona fide domestic purposes in connection with the use of that dwelling-house or part of the dwelling-house for residential purposes, had a separate land value determined in accordance with subsection (6); and
- (b) the amount that would be payable as land tax under Schedule 3 if that part of the parcel of land remaining after excluding that dwelling-house, or part of the dwelling-house, together with the part of the parcel used for bona fide domestic purposes as referred to in paragraph (a), had a separate land value determined in accordance with subsection (7).
- (6) For the purposes of subsection (5) (a), the land value of the part of the parcel of land on which the dwelling-house occupied, or the part of the dwelling-house occupied, as a principal residence is constructed, together with any part of that parcel that is used for bona fide domestic purposes in connection with the use of that dwelling-house or part of the dwelling-house for residential purposes, shall be determined in accordance with the following formula:—

$$d = \frac{e}{t} \times v$$

where—

- "d" is the land value to be determined;
- "e" is the area of the part of the parcel of land on which the dwelling-house occupied, or the part of the dwelling-house occupied, as a principal residence is constructed, together with any part of that parcel that is used for bona fide domestic purposes in connection with the use of that dwelling-house or part of the dwelling-house for residential purposes;
- "t" is the total area of the parcel of land; and
- "v" is the land value of the parcel of land.

(7) For the purposes of subsection (5) (b), the land value of the part of the parcel of land remaining after excluding the dwellinghouse, or the part of the dwelling-house, together with the part of the parcel used for bona fide domestic purposes as referred to in subsection (5) (a), shall be determined in accordance with the following formula:—

$$f = \frac{g}{t} \times v$$

where-

"f" is the land value to be determined;

- "g" is the area of that part of the parcel of land remaining after excluding the dwelling-house, or part of the dwellinghouse, together with the part of the parcel used for bona fide domestic purposes as referred to in subsection (5)(a);
- "t" is the total area of the parcel of land; and
- "v" is the land value of the parcel of land.
- (8) For the purpose of this section and section 6, a dwellinghouse constructed on land that is referred to in subsection (1), or a stratum flat that is so referred to, is occupied as a principal residence only if it is occupied—
  - (a) by the owner, or, in the case of land or a stratum flat owned jointly or in common, by one or more of the owners, as his or their only or principal place of residence:
  - (b) by the spouse or former spouse, or a parent or child, of the owner, or, in the case of land or a stratum flat owned jointly or in common, of one of the owners, as the only or principal place of residence of that spouse, former spouse, parent, or child; or
  - (c) where the owner is the executor, administrator, or trustee of an estate comprising or including the land or flatby a beneficiary or beneficiaries of the estate as his or their only or principal place of residence.
- **6**—(1) Where on 1st July 1982 land is rural land, the amount of land tax leviable and payable for the financial year commencing on that date in respect of that land shall, subject to subsection (2) and



sections 9 and 10, and to the provisions of the Principal Act, be such amount as is calculated by reference to the scale of land tax specified in Schedule 2.

- (2) Where on 1st July 1982 a dwelling-house was constructed on land that was rural land, the amount of land tax leviable and payable for the financial year beginning on that date in respect of that land shall be assessed by reference to the scale of land tax specified in Schedule 2 notwithstanding that, but for this subsection, the dwelling-house could be treated as the principal residence of the owner of that land.
- 7—Where on 1st July 1982 land is land to which sections 5, 6, Land tax payable by d. 8 do not apply the amount of land tax leviable and payable for other owners. and 8 do not apply, the amount of land tax leviable and payable for the financial year commencing on that date in respect of that land shall, subject to section 10 and to the provisions of the Principal Act, be such amount as is calculated by reference to the scale of land tax specified in Schedule 3.

**8**—(1) Where on 1st July 1982—

- (a) land in respect of which a separate valuation made in company and certain joint accordance with the Land Valuation Act 1971 is in owners. force is owned by a home-unit company or by 2 or more joint owners; and
- (b) there is constructed on that land a building that contains, or buildings that comprise or contain, 2 or more units, the amount of land tax leviable and payable for the financial year commencing on that date in respect of that land shall, subject to sections 9 and 10 and to the provisions of the Principal Act, be the aggregate of the amounts determined in respect of all units in that building or those buildings in accordance with subsections (2), (3), and (4) in so far as those subsections are applicable to those units.
- (2) In relation to a unit which is occupied wholly as a principal residence, the amount to be determined in respect of the unit for the purposes of subsection (1) shall be the amount that would be payable as land tax under Schedule 1 if the unit had a land value of an amount determined in accordance with the following formula:—

$$a = \frac{b}{t} \times v$$

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## where-

- "a" is the land value to be determined;
- "b" is the floor area of that unit;
- "t" is the total area of the floors of all units in or comprising the building or buildings constructed on the land concerned; and
- "v" is the land value of that land.
- (3) In relation to a unit no part of which is occupied as a principal residence, the amount to be determined in respect of the unit for the purposes of subsection (1) shall be the amount that would be payable under Schedule 3 if the unit had a land value of an amount determined in accordance with the following formula:—

$$a = \frac{b}{t} \times v$$

#### where-

- "a" is the land value to be determined;
- "b" is the floor area of the unit;
- "t" is the total area of the floors of all units in or comprising the building or buildings constructed on the land concerned; and
- "v" is the land value of that land.
- (4) In relation to a unit a part of which is occupied as a principal residence and another part of which is not so occupied, the amount to be determined in respect of the unit for the purposes of subsection (1) shall be the aggregate of—
  - (a) the amount that would be payable as land tax under Schedule 1 if the part of the unit occupied as a principal residence had a separate land value determined in accordance with subsection (5); and
  - (b) the amount that would be payable as land tax under Schedule 3 if the part of the unit not so occupied had a separate land value determined in accordance with subsection (6).

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(5) For the purposes of subsection (4) (a), the land value of the part of the unit occupied as a principal residence shall be determined in accordance with the following formula:—

$$d = \frac{e}{t} \times v$$

where-

- "d" is the land value to be determined;
- "e" is the floor area of that part of the unit;
- "t" is the total floor area of all units in or comprising the building or buildings constructed on the land concerned;
- "v" is the land value of that land.
- (6) For the purposes of subsection (4) (b), the land value of the part of the unit not occupied as a principal residence shall be determined in accordance with the following formula:—

$$f = \frac{g}{t} \times v$$

where—

- "f" is the land value to be determined;
- "g" is the floor area of that part of the unit;
- "t" is the total floor area of all units in or comprising the building or buildings constructed on the land concerned; and
- "v" is the land value of that land.
- (7) For the purpose of this section, a unit is occupied as a principal residence only if—
  - (a) in the case of a unit forming part of a building or comprising or forming part of one of 2 or more buildings constructed on land owned by a home-unit company, it is occupied—
    - (i) by a shareholder of the company as his only or principal place of residence;

Commissioner may, notwithstanding any other provision of this Act, assess the land tax payable in respect of that land or stratum flat as if the dwelling-house or part of the dwelling-house or the stratum flat or part of the stratum flat were not occupied as a principal residence or, as the case may be, as if the land were not rural land.

- (2) Where the Commissioner has assessed a parcel of land or a stratum flat in accordance with subsection (1) and—
  - (a) the owner of the land subsequently establishes to the satisfaction of the Commissioner that a dwelling-house or part of a dwelling-house constructed on the parcel of land or stratum flat was, on 1st July 1982, occupied as a principal residence within the meaning of section 5; or
  - (b) the owner of the land so establishes that the land was, on that date, rural land,

that owner is entitled to a rebate of land tax, or, if the land tax has already been paid, to a refund of land tax, of an amount equal to the difference between the amount so assessed and the amount leviable and payable under this Act if the owner of the land or stratum flat had, before that assessment was made, established that the dwelling-house or a part of the dwelling-house constructed on the land or stratum flat was a principal residence or, as the case may be, that the land was rural land.

- (3) The onus of establishing to the satisfaction of the Commissioner the facts that land was, on 1st July 1982, land to which section 8 applied or that, on that date, any particular unit or a part of any particular unit was occupied as a principal residence within the meaning of that section shall, for the purposes of this Act, be on the company or joint owners, as the case may be, and, unless and until the company establishes or the joint owners establish those facts, the Commissioner may assess the land tax payable in respect of the land on which the building is, or the buildings are, constructed as if the land were not land to which section 8 applied on that date or as if the unit or part of the unit were not occupied as a principal residence.
- (4) Where the Commissioner has assessed a parcel of land in accordance with subsection (3) and the company or joint owners concerned subsequently establish to the satisfaction of the Commissioner the relevant fact as provided by that subsection, that company is or, as the case may be, those owners are entitled to a rebate of land tax, or, if the land tax has already been paid, to a

# SCHEDULE 1

Section 5

# Scale of Land Tax in Respect of Land on Which There is a **Principal** Residence

Land value of taxable land	Amounts and rates of land tax
Land not exceeding \$10 000 in value	\$10
Land exceeding \$10 000 in value, but not exceeding \$20 000 in value	\$10, and 0·2 cents for each dollar of the land value in excess of \$10 000
Land exceeding \$20 000 in value, but not exceeding \$30 000 in value	\$30, and 0·3 cents for each dollar of the land value in excess of \$20 000
Land exceeding \$30 000 in value, but not exceeding \$40 000 in value	\$60, and 0·4 cents for each dollar of the land value in excess of \$30 000
Land exceeding \$40 000 in value, but not exceeding \$50 000 in value	\$100, and 0·5 cents for each dollar of the land value in excess of \$40 000
Land exceeding \$50 000 in value	\$150

# SCHEDULE 2

Section 6

# Scale of Land Tax in Respect of Rural Land

Amounts and rates of land tax
\$25
\$25, and 0·1 cents for each dollar of the land value in excess of \$25,000
\$50, and 0·2 cents for each dollar of the land value in excess of \$50 000

SCHEDULE 3 Sections 5, 7, and 8

# GENERAL SCALE OF LAND TAX

Land value of taxable land	Amounts and rates of land tax	
Land not exceeding \$10 000 in value	\$10	
Land exceeding \$10 000 in value, but not exceeding \$25 000 in value	\$10, and 0.75 cents for each dollar of the land value in excess of \$10,000	
Land exceeding \$25 000 in value, but not exceeding \$50 000 in value	\$122.50, and 1 cent for each dollar of the land value in excess of \$25,000	
Land exceeding \$50 000 in value, but not exceeding \$75 000 in value	\$372·50, and 1·25 cents for each dollar of the land value	
Land exceeding \$75 000 in value, but not exceeding \$100 000 in value	in excess of \$50 000 \$685, and 1.5 cents for each dollar of the land value in excess of \$75 000	
Land exceeding \$100 000 in value, but not exceeding \$125 000 in value	\$1 060, and 1.75 cents for each dollar of the land value in excess of \$100 000	
Land exceeding \$125 000 in value, but not exceeding \$150 000 in value	\$1 497.50, and 2 cents for each dollar of the land value in excess of \$125 000	
Land exceeding \$150 000 in value, but not exceeding \$200 000 in value	\$1 997.50, and 2.25 cents for each dollar of the land value in excess of \$150 000	
Land exceeding \$200 000 in value, but not exceeding \$250 000 in value	\$3 122.50, and 2.5 cents for each dollar of the land value in excess of \$200 000	
Land exceeding \$250 000 in value	\$4 372.50, and 2.75 cents for each dollar of the land value in excess of \$250 000	

