

- (b) no order shall be made under section six, section eight, or section fifteen of the *Inebriate Hospitals Act 1892*; and
- (c) no person shall be committed to an appointed institution under Part III of the *Dangerous Drugs Act 1959*.

(2) Nothing in subsection (1) of this section prevents the making of an order under section fifteen of the *Inebriate Hospitals Act 1892* in respect of any person before the determination of his detention under an order made under section six, section eight, or section fifteen of that Act.

(3) The fact that a person is being, or is liable to be, detained under any of the enactments referred to in subsection (1) of this section does not prevent the making of an admission application, treatment order, or transfer direction under this Act in respect of him, and, on his being admitted to a treatment centre in pursuance of such an application, order, or direction, the order or other authority by which he was, or was liable to be, detained under that enactment ceases to be of effect.

(4) The following enactments expire on such date as may respectively be fixed by proclamation in relation thereto, namely:—

The *Inebriates Act 1885*; and
The *Inebriate Hospitals Act 1892*.

RACING AND GAMING.

No. 62 of 1968.

AN ACT to amend the *Racing and Gaming Act 1952*. [5 December 1968.]

BE it enacted by His Excellency the Governor of Tasmania, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and House of Assembly, in Parliament assembled, as follows:—

1—(1) This Act may be cited as the *Racing and Gaming Act 1968*. Short title and citation.

(2) The *Racing and Gaming Act 1952*, as subsequently amended, is in this Act referred to as the *Principal Act*.

Suspension and cancellation of certificates of registration.

2 Section sixty of the Principal Act is amended by omitting subsection (12) and substituting therefor the following subsection:—

“(12) Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act, where a bookmaker is convicted in respect of the contravention by the bookmaker of, or the failure by the bookmaker to comply with, any of the prescribed provisions, the Commission may by virtue of this subsection and without further inquiry suspend the certificate of registration of the bookmaker until the proceedings on the complaint on which the bookmaker has been convicted have been concluded.”

STATE EMPLOYEES (LONG-SERVICE LEAVE) (No. 2).

No. 63 of 1968.

AN ACT to amend the *State Employees (Long-Service Leave) Act 1950*. [5 December 1968.]

BE it enacted by His Excellency the Governor of Tasmania, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and House of Assembly, in Parliament assembled, as follows:—

Short title and citation.

1—(1) This Act may be cited as the *State Employees (Long-Service Leave) Act (No. 2) 1968*.

(2) The *State Employees (Long-Service Leave) Act 1950*, as subsequently amended, is in this Act referred to as the Principal Act.

Right of employee to elect to retire in certain cases.

2 Section eight of the Principal Act is amended—

- (a) in subsection (1) by omitting the word “date” and substituting therefor the word “day”; and
- (b) by inserting, after subsection (1), the following subsection:—

“(1A) The day specified in an election under subsection (1) of this section shall be a day not later than the day on which the leave of absence referred to therein would have commenced if it had been taken as a single period terminating on the day on which the employee attains the age for retirement.”

Preservation of other rights of employees.

3 Section nine of the Principal Act is amended by omitting from subsection (1) the words “Subject to subsection (3) of this section, any” and substituting therefor the word “Any”.