

TASMANIA



1882.

ANNO QUADRAGESIMO-SEXTO

VICTORIÆ REGINÆ,

No. 39.



AN ACT to further amend "The Barristers and Attorneys Act, 1874." [6 November, 1882.] A.D. 1882.

BE it enacted by His Excellency the Governor of Tasmania, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and House of Assembly, in Parliament assembled, as follows:—

1 It shall be lawful for the Supreme Court of Tasmania or a Judge thereof, upon Motion, to admit to practise in the said Court as a Barrister, or as an Attorney and Solicitor, as the case may be, any person who has been admitted as a Barrister, or as an Attorney and Solicitor, in any Supreme Court of Law and Equity in any of Her Majesty's Colonies or Dependencies where the system of jurisprudence is founded on or assimilated to the Common Law and principles of Equity as administered in England, without such person undergoing any examination in Literature or Law: Provided that the Supreme Court of Tasmania or a Judge thereof shall be satisfied of the respectability of such person, and that he has been admitted as a Barrister, or as an Attorney or Solicitor, in any such Supreme Court in the said Colonies or Dependencies. Admission of Barristers and Attorneys of Colonial Courts.

2 "The Barristers and Attorneys Amendment Act, 1880," is hereby repealed, save as to all things duly done thereunder. Repeal. 44 Vict. No. 20.

3 "The Barristers and Attorneys Act, 1874," and every amendment thereof, and this Act, shall be read and construed together as one Act. Acts to be read together.

4 This Act may be cited as "The Barristers and Attorneys Amendment Act, 1882." Short title.

