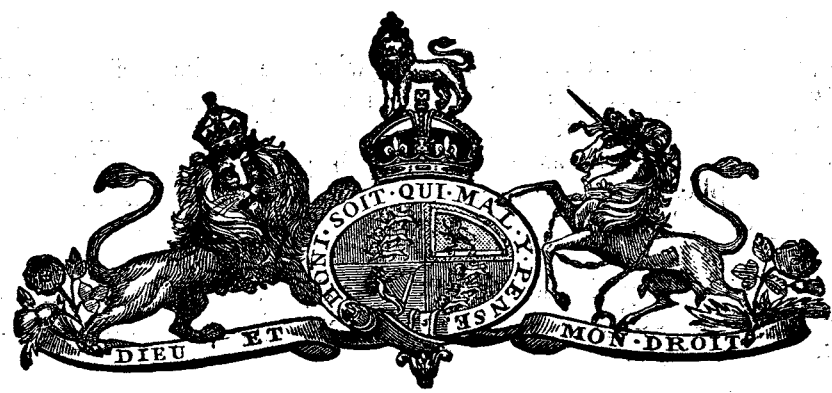


TASMANIA.



1906.

ANNO SEXTO

EDWARDI VII. REGIS,

No. 20.



AN ACT to amend "The Probate Act, 1893." A.D. 1906.  
[8 November, 1906.]

**BE** it enacted by His Excellency the Governor of *Tasmania*, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and House of Assembly, in Parliament assembled, as follows :—

**1** This Act may be cited as "The Probate Amendment Act, 1906," and shall be construed as one with "The Probate Act, 1893." Short title and incorporation with 57 Vict. No. 14.

**2** In any case where direct evidence of the death of a testator or intestate is not forthcoming, and any claim in relation to any property or assets whatsoever forming part of his estate is disputed on the ground that there is not sufficient evidence to establish his death as a fact, it shall be lawful for a Judge of the Supreme Court sitting in chambers, upon the application by or on behalf of the executor or administrator of the testator or intestate, in a summary way, to call upon any person disputing the sufficiency of the evidence as to death Where no direct evidence of death, application may be made to Judge that probate, &c., be taken as conclusive evidence.

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*Probate Amendment.*

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A.D. 1906.  
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to appear before him and show cause why the probate of the will of the testator, or letters of administration of the estate of the intestate, as the case may be, should not be conclusive evidence of the death of the testator or intestate, as the case may be; and upon the hearing of any such application, the Judge may make such order in the matter, including an order as to costs, as he may think fit.

Application to be  
by summons.  
Summons may be  
adjourned into  
Court.

**3** Every such application shall be made by ordinary summons in chambers. The Judge may, if he thinks fit, adjourn the summons into court.